## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for adaptively minimising minimizing the total power consumption of an apparatus comprising a subsystem comprising a mass storage device and a buffer memory, said method comprising the steps of:

determining an optimum buffer size for which the power consumption of said subsystem is a minimum for a given streaming bit-rate to/from said buffer memory—; and

adjusting the buffer size of said buffer memory to said optimum buffer size, such that the power consumption of said subsystem is minimal.

- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said step of adjusting the buffer size comprises switching on memory banks and/or memory ICs of said buffer memory for increasing the size of said buffer memory, and switching off memory banks and/or memory ICs for decreasing said buffer memory.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the storage device is a <a href="harddisk\_harddisk\_drive">harddisk\_harddisk\_drive</a> and the step of determining an optimum buffer size comprises:

determining a harddisk hard disk drive data rate, of the hard disk drive;

determining the stream bit-rate to/from the buffer memory,  $\cdot$  and

determining the optimum buffer size having the lowest power consumption at the determined stream bit-rate.

- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein said optimum buffer size determination step comprises calculating optimum buffer size from a formula, looking up optimum buffer size in a look-up table, or measuring the minimum power consumption of the subsystem in a feedback loop controlling buffer size.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the optimum buffer size is determined by the ratio of the stream bit rate and the disk bit rate giving the duty cycle of the harddisk hard disk drive for calculating/estimating the harddisk hard disk drive power consumption, which subsequently is used to determine the optimal buffer size.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1,

  wherein said method further comprises the step of: comprising

  powering up extra memory banks and/or memory ICs when a new stream is admitted.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein a powering down of a memory bank or IC is either delayed or the buffered data of that memory bank or IC is moved to another

memory bank that will remain powered on after which the first bank is shut down immediately, when a stream is stopped and removed.

- 8. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein in case of multiple simultaneous streams, the sum of the bit-rates of all streams is determined.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A circuit for retrieving data from a mass storage device via a memory buffer comprising a processing unit conceived to:
- [[-]] adaptively activate or deactivate areas of said buffer memory in such a manner that total power consumption of a subsystem comprising said storage device and said buffer memory is minimised minimized for a given streaming rate to/from said buffer memory; and
- [[-]] retrieve the data from the mass storage device.
- 10. (Original) An apparatus comprising a subsystem comprising mass storage device, a buffer memory and the circuit according to claim 9.
- 11. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said buffer memory comprises SDRAM circuits having banks of memory adapted to be independently switched on/off.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein a scheduler function executable by the processing unit controls accessing the storage device and the buffer memory.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium having embodied thereon a computer program for processing by a computer, the computer program comprising code segments for causing the computer to adaptively minimising minimize the total power consumption of a subsystem comprising a mass storage device and a buffer memory, wherein:
- a first code segment determines—causes the computer to

  determine an optimum buffer size for which the power consumption of
  said subsystem is a minimum for a given streaming bit-rate from
  said buffer memory, and
- a second code segment adjusts causes said computer to adjust the buffer size of said buffer memory to said optimum buffer size, such that the power consumption of said subsystem is minimal.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2, wherein the storage device is a harddisk hard disk drive and the step of determining an optimum buffer size comprises

determining a harddisk hard disk drive data rate,
determining the stream bit-rate to/from the buffer memory,
and

determining the optimum buffer size having the lowest power consumption at the determined stream bit-rate.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 14, wherein the optimum buffer size is determined by the ratio of the stream bit rate and the disk bit rate giving the duty cycle of the harddisk hard disk drive for calculating/estimating the harddisk hard disk drive power consumption, which subsequently is used to determine the optimal buffer size.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 2, wherein the optimum buffer size is determined by the ratio of the stream bit rate and the disk bit rate giving the duty cycle of the harddisk hard disk drive for calculating/estimating the harddisk hard disk drive power consumption, which subsequently is used to determine the optimal buffer size.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein the optimum buffer size is determined by the ratio of the stream bit rate and the disk bit rate giving the duty cycle of the harddisk hard disk drive for calculating/estimating the harddisk hard disk drive power consumption, which subsequently is used to determine the optimal buffer size.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein the optimum buffer size is determined by the ratio of the stream bit rate and the disk bit rate giving the duty cycle of the harddisk hard disk drive for calculating/estimating the harddisk

hard disk drive power consumption, which subsequently is used to determine the optimal buffer size.

- 19. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein a powering down of a memory bank or IC is either delayed or the buffered data of that memory bank or IC is moved to another memory bank that will remain powered on, after which the first bank is shut down immediately when a stream is stopped and removed.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein a scheduler function executable by the processing unit controls accessing the storage device and the buffer memory.